

A) Give the formulas for the following ions.

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| 1. sodium ion | Na^+ | 8. ammonium ion | NH_4^+ |
| 2. barium ion | Ba^{2+} | 9. sulfide ion | S^{2-} |
| 3. phosphate ion | PO_4^{3-} | 10. oxide ion | O^{2-} |
| 4. chloride ion | Cl^- | 11. nitrate ion | NO_3^- |
| 5. sulfate ion | SO_4^{2-} | 12. hydroxide ion | OH^- |
| 6. iron(II) ion | Fe^{2+} | 13. aluminum ion | Al^{3+} |
| 7. copper(I) ion | Cu^+ | 14. carbonate ion | CO_3^{2-} |

B) Give the name and formula for the compound that forms when the following ions are mixed.

	Name	Formula
15. Na^+ and SO_4^{2-}	sodium sulfate	Na_2SO_4
16. Ca^{2+} and CrO_4^{2-}	calcium chromate	$\text{Ca}(\text{CrO}_4)$
17. NH_4^+ and Br^-	ammonium bromide	NH_4Br
18. Mg^{2+} and NO_3^-	magnesium nitrate	$\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$
19. Cu^{2+} and PO_4^{3-}	copper (II) phosphate	$\text{Cu}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$
20. Al^{3+} and OH^-	aluminum hydroxide	$\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$

C) Write the name of the compound then give the formula for the different ions that form when the compound is dissolved in water.

	Name	Cation	Anion
21. KI	potassium iodide	K^+	I^-
22. Na_2CO_3	sodium carbonate	Na^+	CO_3^{2-}
23. $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$	lead (II) nitrate	Pb^{2+}	NO_3^-
24. CuSO_4	copper (II) sulfate	Cu^{2+}	SO_4^{2-}
25. $\text{Mg}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$	magnesium phosphate	Mg^{2+}	PO_4^{3-}
26. $\text{Sr}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2$	strontium acetate	Sr^{2+}	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2^-$